

Network Meeting 2004 Male Declaration on Control and Prevention of Air Pollution and Its Likely Transboundary Effects for South Asia

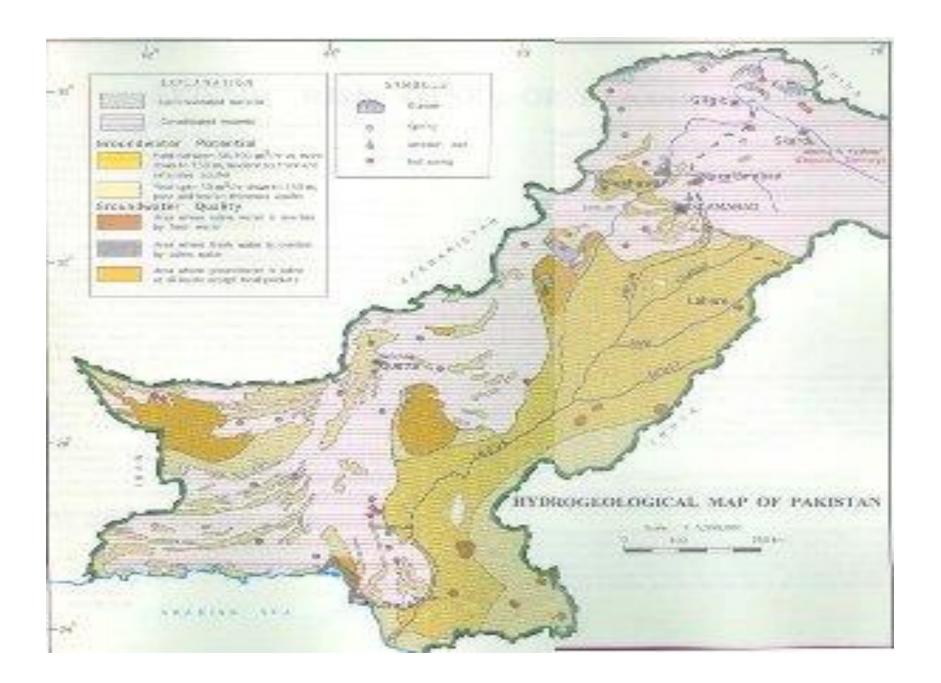
Pakistan Country Report

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Pakistan Environmental Protection
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11-12 October, 2004 in Tehran, Iran

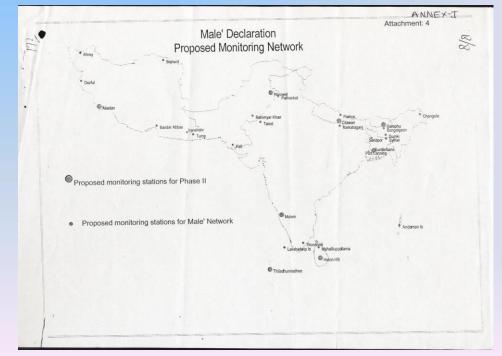
Sequence of Presentation

- •Implementation Status : Male Declaration Phase II
- Ambient Air Quality situation



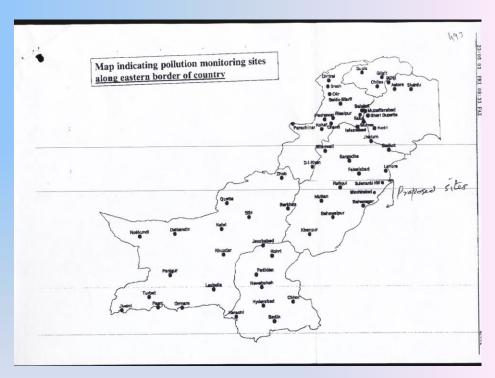
Implementation Status

UNEP proposed
 Narowal for
 monitoring station in
 Pakistan



- The matter was referred to for security clearance of the proposed site.
- The security agencies requested for following details:
- a) Rational for selecting Narowal as monitoring station;
- b) Whether foreigner will stay /visit the monitoring station;
- c) Type and lay out of monitoring station including type of construction;
- d) Exact location of the site (longitude/latitude);
- e) Bio-data of foreigners/ Pakistani to be employed at the project/ station

- The position was clarified.
 However, the security agencies asked for alternate sites.
- The options for alternate site were discussed with Pakistan Meteorological Department. Accordingly they suggested:
- Minchinabad
- Sulamanki Headwork
- Bahawalnagar



Pakistan Space &
 Upper Atmosphere
 Research
 Commission
 (SUPARCO)
 suggested Depalpur
 (District Okara)



Fig 3. Location of proposed site 'Dipalpur' close to the Pakistan and India border

- The alternate sites have been informed to the Security Agencies with the request to give clearance.
- The decision in this regard is still awaited.
- Meantime Pak-EPA being NIA making necessary arrangements for transfer of funds and equipment through UNDP.

Comparison of NO2 Concentrations in ambient air at different locations in Lahore with International Standards

24 hours Average

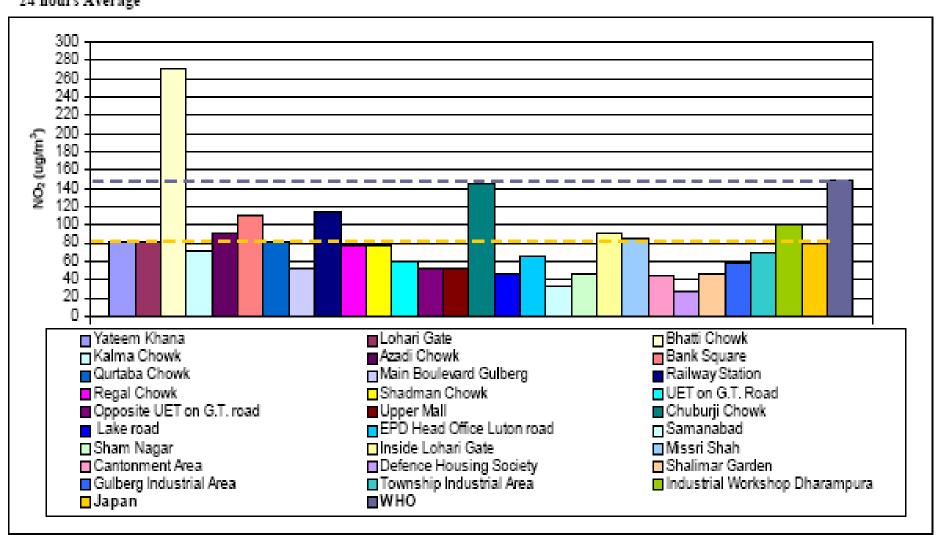
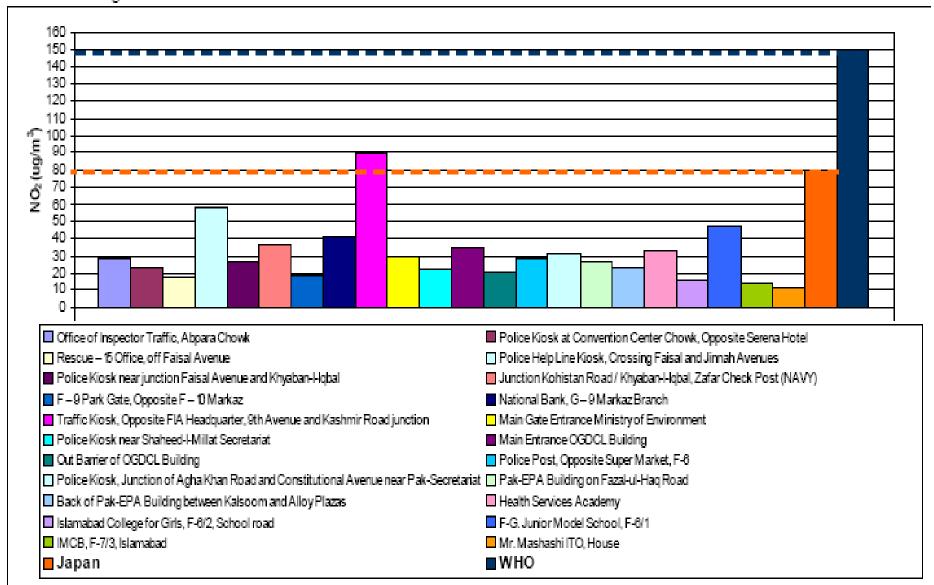


Table: NO2 Concentration in ambient air at various locations in Lahore

Locations	Sampler I.D. #	Distance from the Road	Absorbanc e Sample (A)	Absorbanc e Blank (A°)	Exposur e time (hours)	NO ₂ concentration	
						ppb	µg/m³
Road Side Area		1					
l-Yateem Khana	1	1	0.360	0.104	24	44.09	82.89
2- Lohari Gate	3	5	0.353	0.104	24	42.88	80.62
3- Bhatti Chowk	4	1	0.944	0.104	24	144.67	271.99
4- Kalma Chowk.	5	25	0.316	0.104	23	38.10	71.63
5- Azadi Chowk	6	7	0.385	0.104	24	48.40	90.99
6Bank.Square	7	2	0.446	0.104	24	58.90	110.74
7- Quitaba Chowk	8	3	0.358	0.104	24	43.75	82.24
8- Main Boulevard Gulberg	9	30	0.265	0.104	24	27.73	52.13
9- Railway Station	10	2	0.456	0.104	24	60.62	113.98
10- Regal Chowk	11	5	0.344	0.104	24	41.33	77.71
11- Shadman. Chowk.	12	10	0.341	0.104	24	40.82	76.74
12- UET on G.T. Road	13	10	0.272	0.104	22	31.56	59.34
13-Opposite UET on G.T.road	14	15	0.263	0.104	23	28.57	53.72
14- Upper Mall	15	7	0.269	0.104	24	28.42	53.43
15-Chuburji Chowk	16	1	0.553	0.104	24	77.33	145.38

Comparison of NO2 Concentrations in ambient air at different locations in Islamabad with International Standards

24 hours Average



Suspended Particulates in air 2001-2003

μg/m3 Microgram per Cubic Meter

Gujranwala 5190 (Baghbanpura_Chowk 24 hours average)

Faisalabad 3500 (Mian Muhammad Trust Road at 12:00 -1:00 p.m.)

Lahore 1550 (Qurtaba Chowk at 12:00 and 10:00 p.m)

Rawalpindi 1400 (Pirwadhai at 10:00-11:00 p.m)

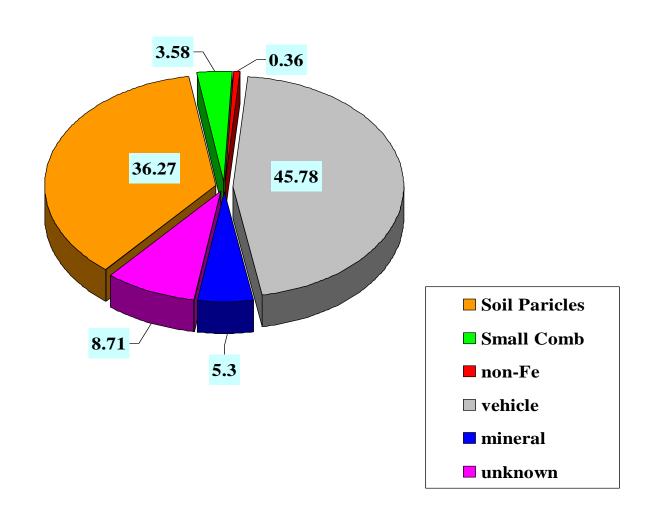
Islamabad 950 (Aabpara Chowk at 4 p.m)

WHO Guidelines: 120 μg/m3

Japanese Standards: 200 µg/m3

Source: EPD/SUPARCO/NWFP EPA Studies carried out in 1993-1998

A Typical PM10 Distribution Baghbanpura, Gujranwala Year 2003



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